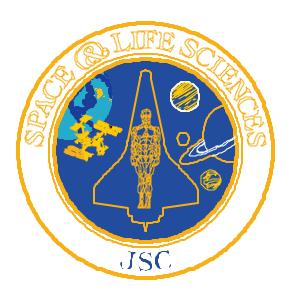
# A dvanced T echnology M anagement



The Advanced Technology Management (ATM) team facilitates the identification and development of critical path technologies.

Don Stilwell, Alyssa Mueller, and Terri Gilbert ATM Team for Space and Life Sciences

- Technologies can be developed without a budget only by leveraging
- The best way to leverage is to team our scientists with the appropriate technology developers
  - Possible partners include other NASA Centers, industry, DOE, DOD, NIH, DARPA, NSF, the National Labs, NSBRI, and academia
  - Resulting teams may then submit proposals or enter into Space Act Agreements

#### **Customers/Technology Users**

- All interested SLSD personnel
- Crew and Thermal Systems
   Branch, Engineering Directorate

#### **Technology Developers**

- Government organizations
- Private companies
- NASA Technology Transfer Offices/Centers



NRA Proposals, Space Act Agreements, or other mechanisms for collaboration



**NASA Critical Technologies** 

- Such proposals have a high rate of selection because of their quality and responsiveness to our needs
- This allows NASA scientists/researchers (acting as user representatives) to affect the development of many, many technologies without investing significant amounts of time
- The actual technology development is not done in-house and, in most cases, does not use in-house resources

#### ATM has facilitated the creation of many technology development teams.

- ◆ Five joint JPL/JSC Proposals were generated for NRA 99-HEDS-02 and NRA 99-HEDS-03 (no selections yet):
  - Intuitive Haptic Cyber-Glove for Planetary Tele- and Virtual- OperationsMicroarray Bioinformatics for Microgravity Muscle Atrophy
  - Sterilization of water and air using iron in its higher oxidation state bound by inorganic polymer phases
  - Miniature On-Line Capillary Electrophoresis-Mass Spectrometry of Organic Compounds
  - Next generation instrument for detection of volatiles in cabin air
- ◆ Three funded Cross Enterprise Development Program (CEDP) projects:
  - Astrophysics Sensor Applied to Ultra-high Resolution DEXA and SPECT Imaging
  - MEMS pH Sensor System for the In-Situ Analysis of Liquid Environments
  - Large Arrays of Superconducting Transition Edge Sensor (TES) Calorimeters and Bolometers
- One funded Biologically Inspired Technology project:
  - A Dynamic Human-Machine Interface
- ◆ Two Space Act Agreements currently in negotiation
  - Collaborative effort between a major equipment manufacturer providing company equipment, expertise, etc., to our research program
- Multiple proposals (no selections yet) to the latest CETDP and NSBRI Smart Medical Systems NRA:
  - Two proposals to CETDP and NSBRI on Autonomous Trauma Care System
  - Two proposals to CETDP and NSBRI on Medical Robotics
  - One proposal to NSBRI on the ISS Flight Surgeon's Console Interface
  - CETDP proposal -- Microfabricated devices for biochemical analyses and aerospace applications

- The ATM team proposes site visits by representatives of the SD/Medical Sciences Division and other interested parties (SF, SN, etc.) to:
  - Oak Ridge National Labs (ORNL, part of DOE)
  - National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)
  - Medical Research and Materiel Command, Fort Detrick (MRMC)
- The goal for all trips is to identify mature or critical technologies for JSC
  - Mature technologies (TRL 7-9) that can be integrated into JSC research or upcoming NRA proposals
  - Critical technologies in development (TRL 5-6) that can benefit JSC
  - Conceptual or in-work technologies (TRL 1-3) that can be monitored for future applications
- These selected technologies may be incorporated into proposals for the recently released <u>NIH/NASA NRA</u> [http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-00-088.html], which
  - emphasizes ground-based, space life sciences research; JSC proposers will seek mature technologies and capabilities beyond our areas of expertise
  - does not require technology development per se, although JSC might be willing to join with these government labs to propose some technology development

Institute of

and Technology

Standards

- NIST has a very large <u>Biotechnology Division</u> with capabilities that complement our own [http://www.cstl.nist.gov/biotech/biotech.html].
- NIST capabilities in Biotechnology include:
  - DNA chemistry, sequencing, and profiling
  - Protein structure determination, properties, and modeling
  - Biomaterials, biosensors, and bioelectronics
  - Biocatalysis, bioprocessing measurements, and separations technologies





- considerable expertise in instrument design and measurement system
- a <u>Life Sciences</u> group [http://lsd.ornl.gov/]
- ORNL suggests the following labs and technologies:
  - Biosensors and nanosensors
  - Microcantelever environmental & biosensors
  - Active radiation dosimeter
  - Health monitoring chip
  - Functional genomics
  - Haz gas specific mass specs

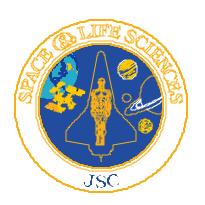
- Wireless ASIC chips & physical measurements
- Membrane technology
- Microbial systems & biomolecular electronics
- Microbial H<sub>2</sub>,O<sub>2</sub> production, CO<sub>2</sub> absorption
- Lab-on-a-Chip
- Virtual Human

- MRMC [http://mrmc-www.army.mil/researchAreas/index.htm] is conducting several research programs that are complementary to JSC interests, including an advanced technology research center
- MRMC facilities include:
  - Combat Casualty Care
  - Operational Medicine
  - Medical Chemical and Biological Defense
  - Telemedicine and Advanced Technology Research Center (TATRC)
  - US Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRIID)
  - MRMC Headquarters

- Site visits should be initiated in June 2000, with sufficient time allowed for travel planning
  - ORNL visit is slated to occur June 22-23
  - MRMC and NIST visits are schedule for June 27-29
- The NIH-NASA proposal <u>timeline</u> suggests that October 1 is the proposal due date [p. 21, http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/phs398/398instr.pdf]

- Each site visit contingent should consist of:
  - 2 or more Civil Servants from SD, who are willing to represent the needs of disciplines and labs other than their own
  - 2 contractor personnel from SD
  - Participants from SF, SN, etc., as interested
  - NSBRI representatives, as interested
  - 1 representative from the ATM
- We suggest that these representatives should:
  - include someone who can present a 30 minute overview of JSC needs
  - have an interest in using a technology or capability (described in the handout package) to generate a NIH/NASA proposal
- To conserve CS travel funds, we suggest that the Advanced Technology
  Management Team be represented by Don Stilwell on the ORNL trip and by
  Alyssa Mueller to on the NIST/Ft Detrick trip

- ATM will generate a matrix of technology needs that will be assessed during each site visit
- The Technology Transfer Office has implemented a trip report system, by which we can track critical technologies, unique facilities, and valuable contacts located during these trips
  - This is based on the Innovations 2000 web-based system, and will transfer seamlessly into this database
- ATM will follow up on the site visits with action items and reassessments



There will be ever-increasing emphasis on more and better relations between the various agencies of the US government.

We think that these visits will be the first step in the right direction.



# **ITEM 2: SmartSystems 2000**

We are planning a new conference: SmartSystems 2000

www.smart.systems.org

#### **Co-Sponsors and Host**

- Co-sponsored by NASA, the Department of Health Informatics at the University of Texas Health Sciences Center at Houston (UTHSC-H), and NSBRI
- NASA participants include JSC EX, ER, SD, and SL, and
- Hosted by the non-profit Institute for Advanced Interdisciplinary Research (IAIR)

#### **Conference Topics and Attendance**

- Two continuous sessions: Space Applications and Medical Applications, modeled after the successful NanoSpace 2000 conference
- Currently, we expect about 250 conference attendees, with as many as 400
- Abstracts must be submitted by June 21; please visit the conference website for additional information and session topics

#### **Timeframe and Milestones**

- Scheduled for September 6-8, 2000 at the Naussau Bay Hilton
- The Call for Abstracts has been emailed to approximately 10000